



Fluid Fertilizer Foundation: Technology Roundup

11-37-0 vs 10-34-0,

Ortho vs Poly Products,

Production & Storage Characteristics

Del Butler

December 6, 2016

Process Overview

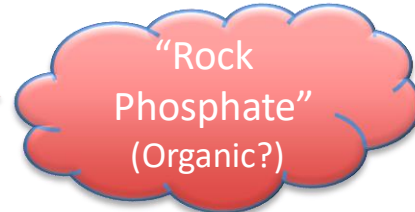


Elemental
Phosphorus
(P₄)

PPA

Round
Up

Phosphate Rock (Ore)
Mined & Milled



Wet Process

Reacted (Liquified)

Dihydrate

Hemihydrate

Evaporation

Granulation

SPA

MGA

APP

MAP
DAP

SSP
TSP
Dical
(Replacing)

NH₃
Supply

High Quality Ammonium Polyphosphate: *"The Goal"*

- Non-Corrosive
 - Understanding Passivation
- Long Shelf Life / Storage Capacity
- Diverse Application Methods
 - Safe in Band Applications
 - Compatibility: Blending Potential
 - Ability to hold other Micronutrients
 - Ect.

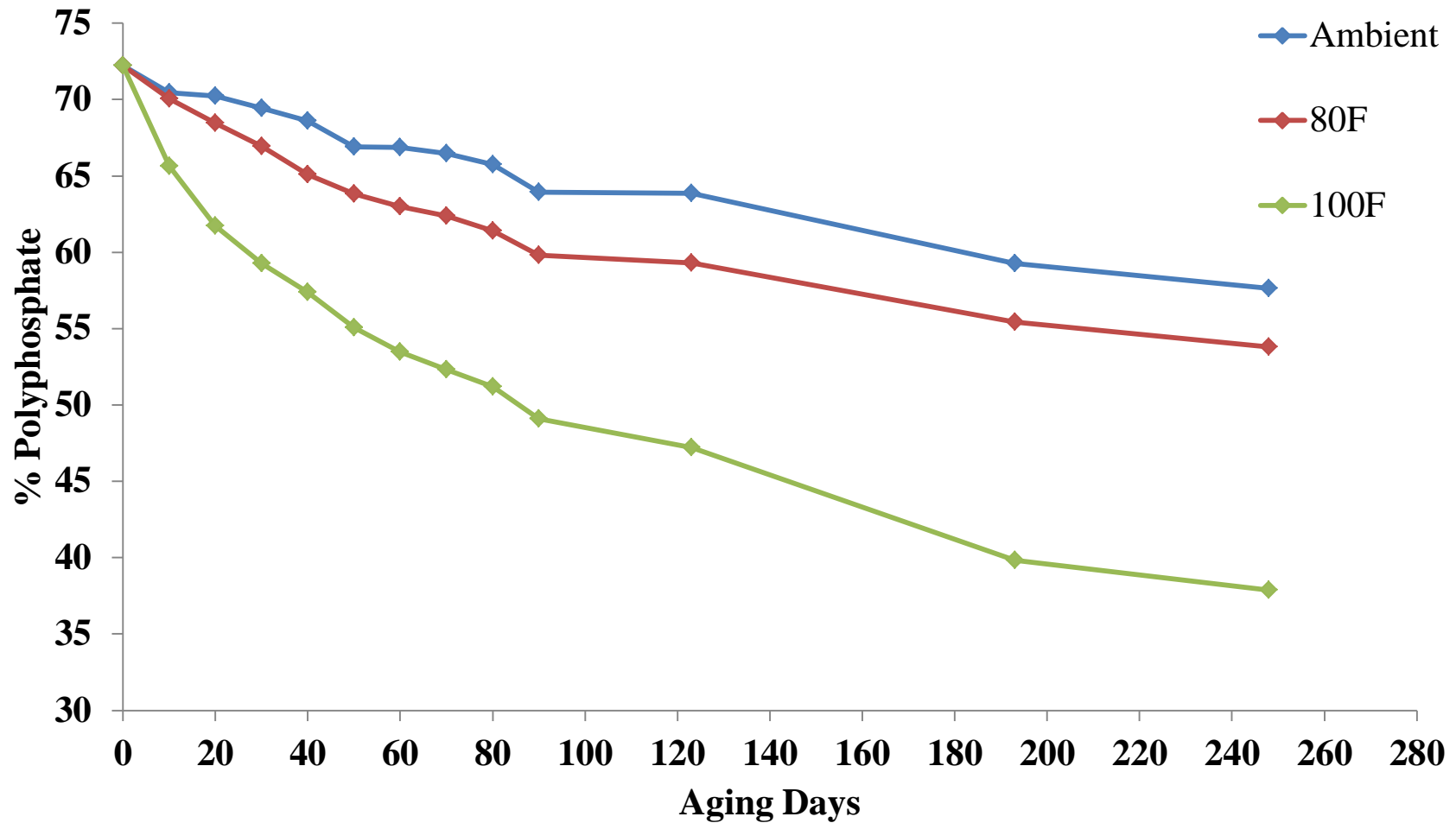


High Quality APP: Physical Properties

	10-34-0	11-37-0		
pH	6.2	6.1		
% Ortho-Phos	30	30		
% Poly-Phos	70	70		
Salt Index	20	22		
Weight (lbs/gal)	11.6	12.0		
Specific Gravity	1.390	1.440		
Appearance	Emerald Green	Emerald Green		
Odor	Little to No Odor	Little to No Odor		
Non-Recommended Storage	Aluminum	Aluminum		
Freeze Point	N.A.	N.A.		

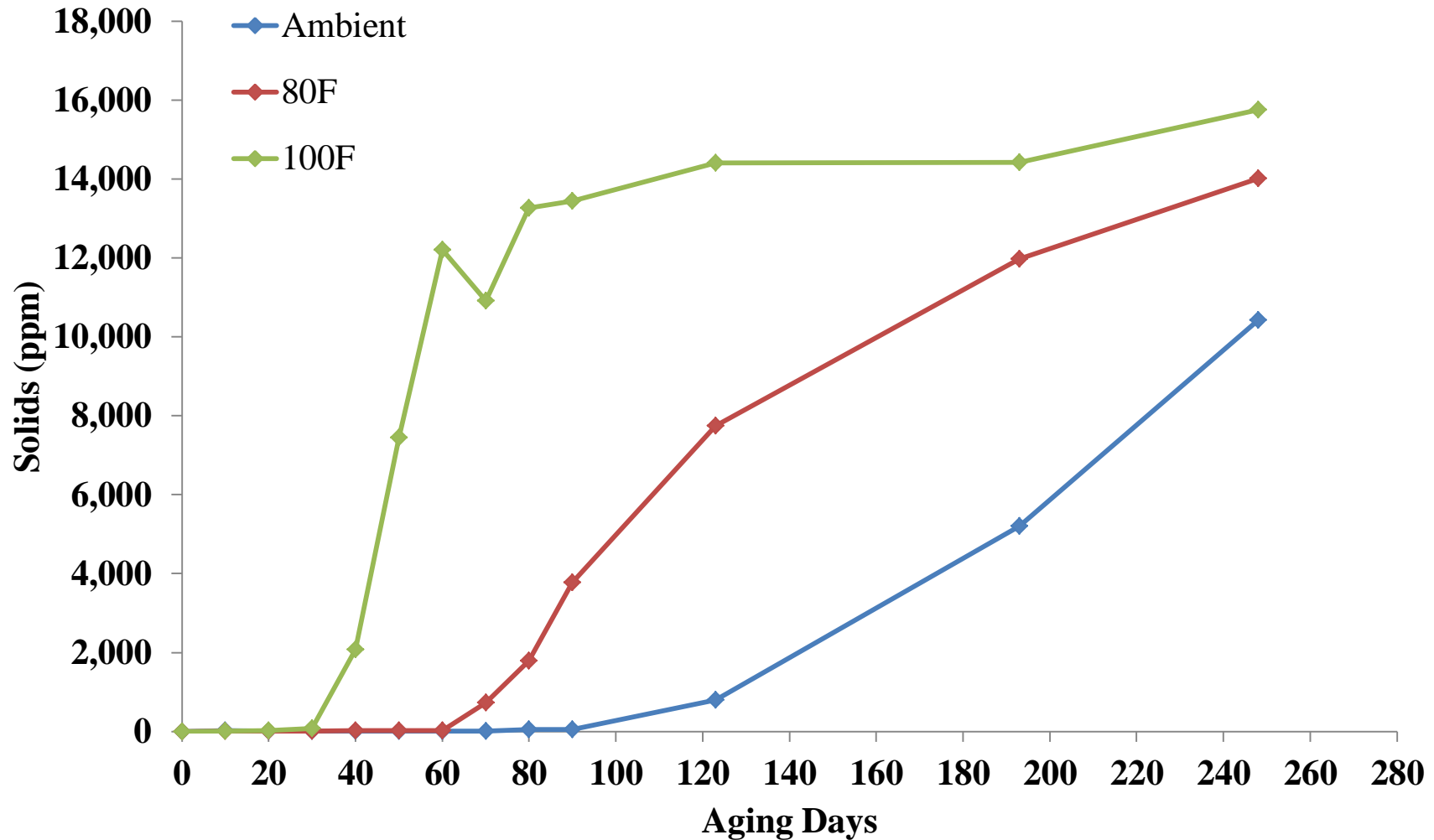
11-37-0 Poly Degradation in Storage

(in a lab controlled environment)

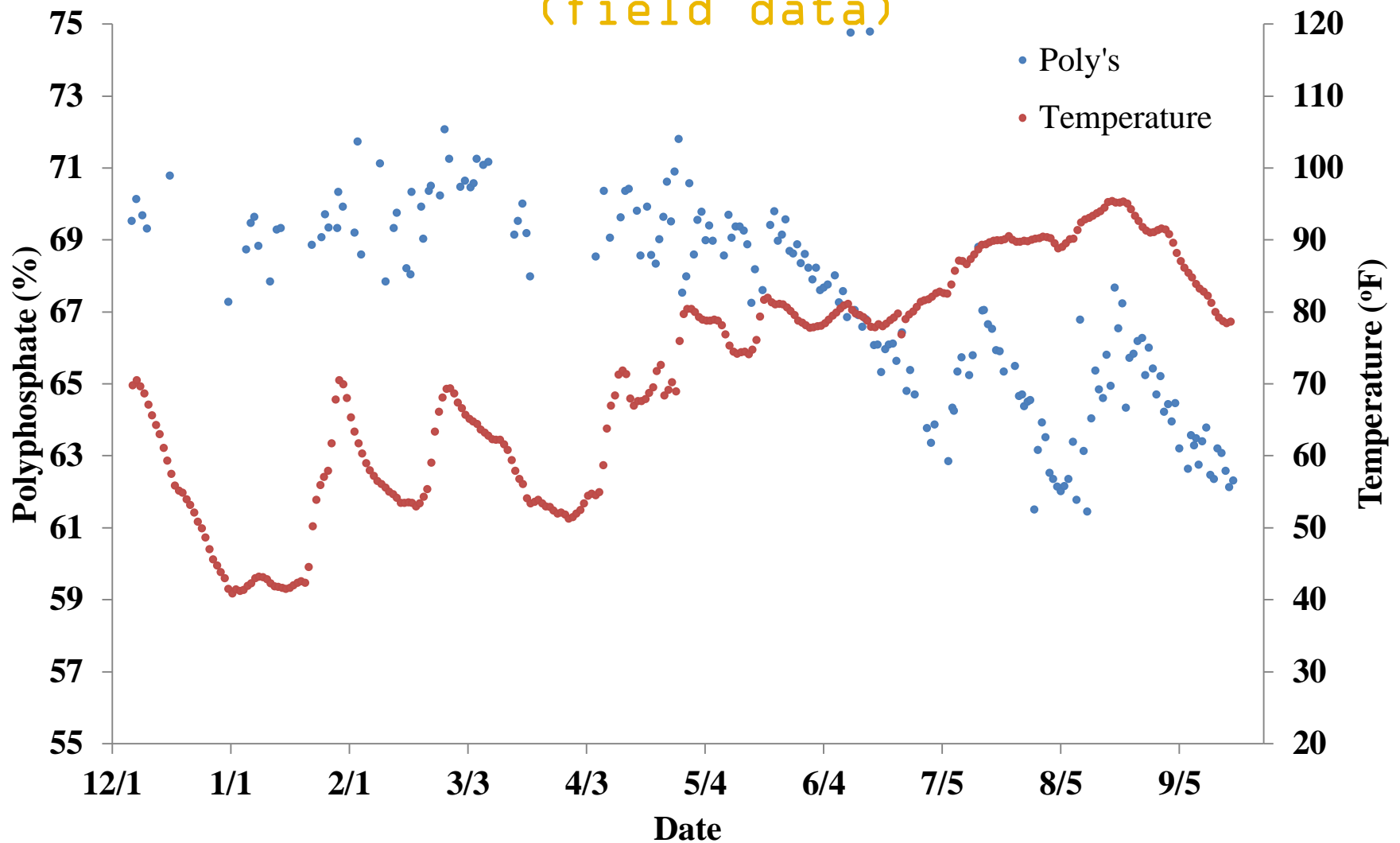


11-37-0 Product Solids Formation in Storage

(in a lab controlled environment)



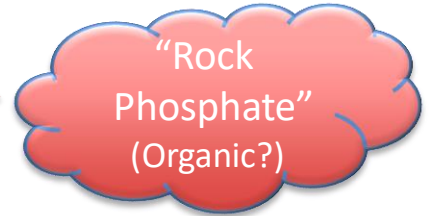
Storage Temperature & Polyphosphate (field data)



Process Overview



Phosphate Rock (Ore)
Mined & Milled



Wet Process

Reacted (Liquified)

Dihydrate

Hemihydrate

Elemental
Phosphorus
(P₄)

PPA
Round Up

PPA

Solvent

Membrane

Food

Industrial

Ag

Potassium
Hydroxide
(KOH)

LSL

Foliars

Others

Starters

Evaporation

SPA

MGA

APP

Granulation

MAP
DAP

TSP
Dical
(Replacing)
SSP

NH₃
Supply

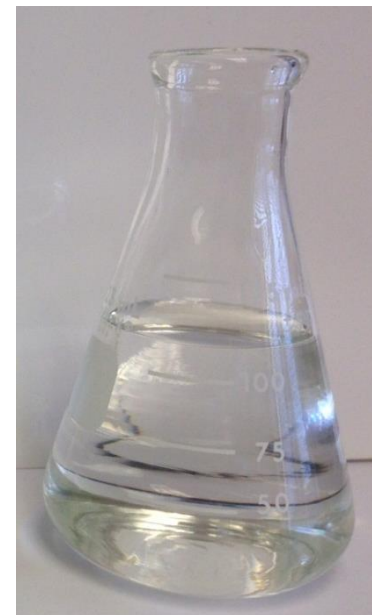
Urea

High Quality Low Salt Liquid (LSL) NPK's: *"The Gold"*

- Seed Safe
- Foliar Applicable
- Low Salt Index
- Uniquely Targeted Ortho/Poly Content
 - (specific to the immediate agricultural need)
- Non-Corrosive
- Long Shelf Life / Storage Capacity
- Compatibility: Blending Potential
- Ability to hold other Micronutrients
 - (100% EDTA , EDDHA Chelated, and Sulfate forms of Micronutrients)
- Diverse Application Methods



Mid Poly
6-24-6



3-18-18

Technical Review!

Salt Index & Calculations

- **SI** – Relation of the extent a fertilizer increases the osmotic pressure of a soil compared to Sodium Nitrate (NaNO_3).
 - Greater the SI value, the greater potential damage to the seed/plant
 - Fertilizer formulations &/or blends with **SI above 20** are **not recommended near the seed**

<u>SI Values</u>	
3-18-18	10
4-16-16	11
6-24-6	12
10-10-10	19
<u>10-34-0</u>	<u>20</u>
11-37-0	22
11-52-0	27
Ammonia	47
UAN 32	71
Urea	74

High Quality NPK: Physical Properties

	3-18-18	4-16-16	LP 6-24-6	MP 6-24-6
pH	7.4-7.8	7.6-7.8	6.3-7.0	6.3-7.0
% Ortho-Phos	100	100	80	50
% Poly-Phos	0	0	20	50
Salt Index	10	11	12	12
Weight (lbs/gal)	11.7	11.4	11.1	11.1
Specific Gravity	1.410	1.360	1.340	1.330
Appearance	Water White	Water White	Translucent Green	Translucent Green
Odor	No Odor	No Odor	No Odor	No Odor
Prohibited Storage	Aluminum	Aluminum	Aluminum Mild Steel	Aluminum Mild Steel
Freeze Point	-2°F	0°F	5°F	5°F

Fundamental Chemistry: "Water White LSL"

Base chemical reactions:



PPA	Potassium Hydroxide	Mono Potassium Phosphate	Di Potassium Phosphate	Water	Heat
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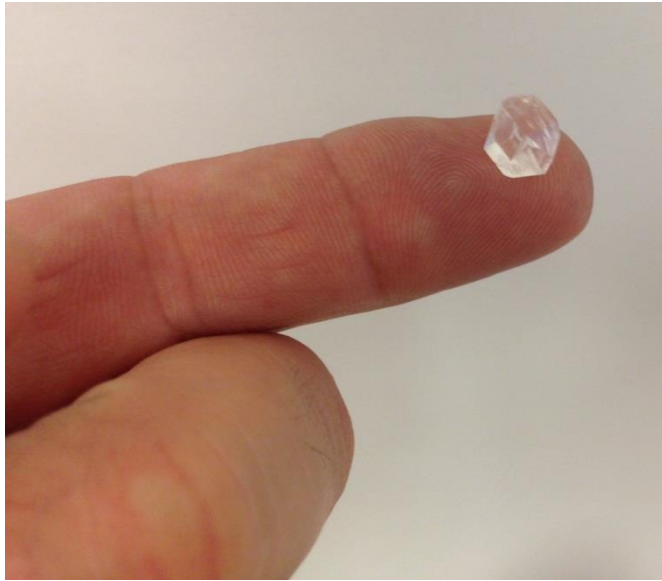


Ammonia	Mono Potassium Phosphate	Di Basic Potassium Ammonium Phosphate	Heat
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Note! Dissolution of Urea:

- The addition of Urea does not participate in the chemical reaction.
- The dissolution of Urea is slightly endothermic.
- Once dissolved, the Urea will remain in solution regardless of pH or temperature.

Salting Potential (if misformulated)



**Salting (Mono Potassium
Phosphate Crystals)**

Over Ammoniation



**Ammonia Sparger:
Salting - Ammonium
Phosphate Crystals**

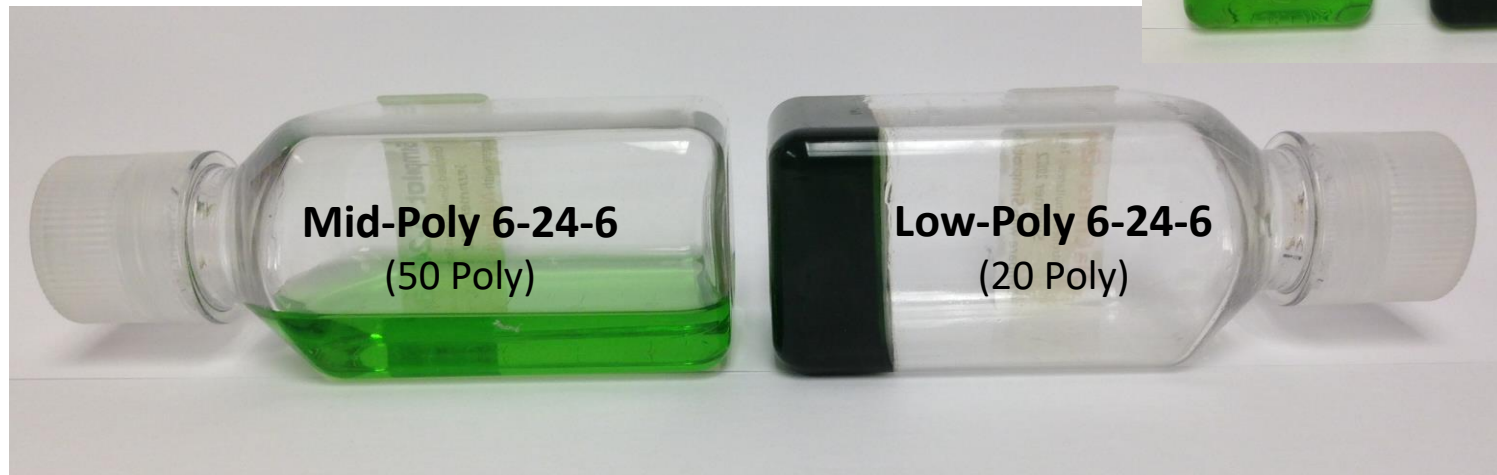
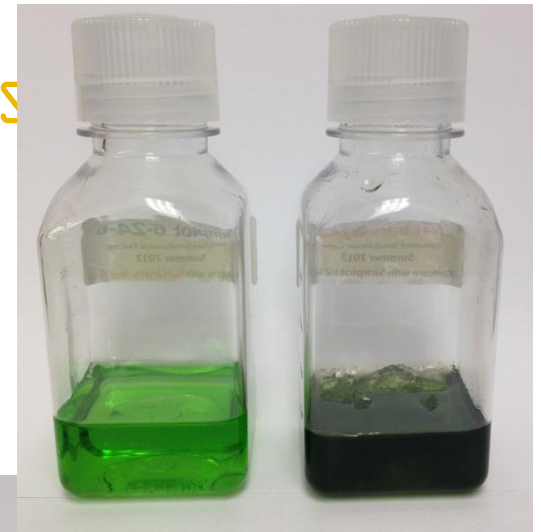
Keeping the System Clean

- Bag Filters catch any solids, particulates or contaminants that are typically introduced from the dry urea source.



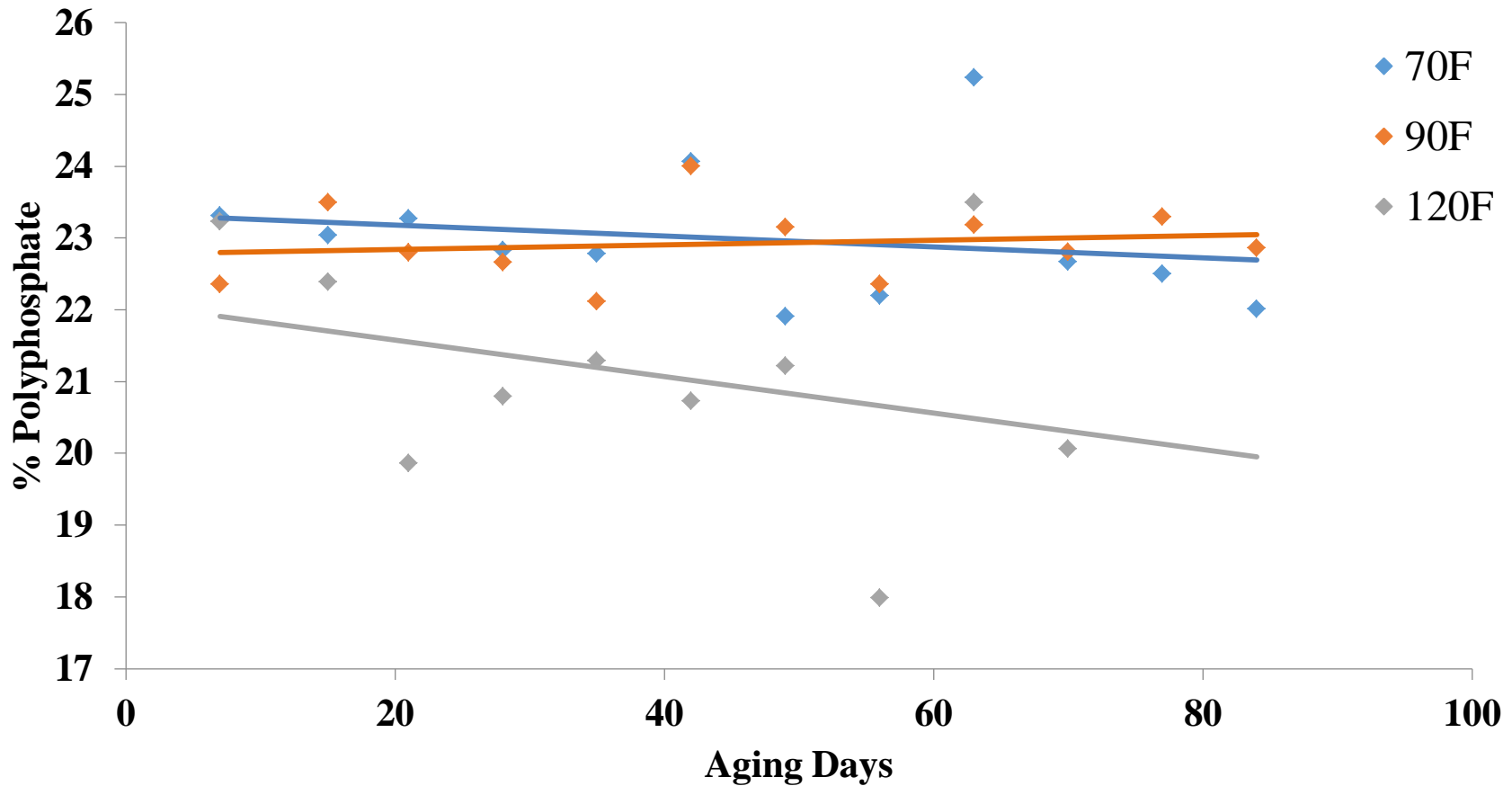
Correlation: Low Polys & S

If the mass temperature of LP 6-24-6 is allowed to climb and then be held above $\sim 100^{\circ}\text{F}$, the material will become a soft-set jell and increasing time a harder set over time.

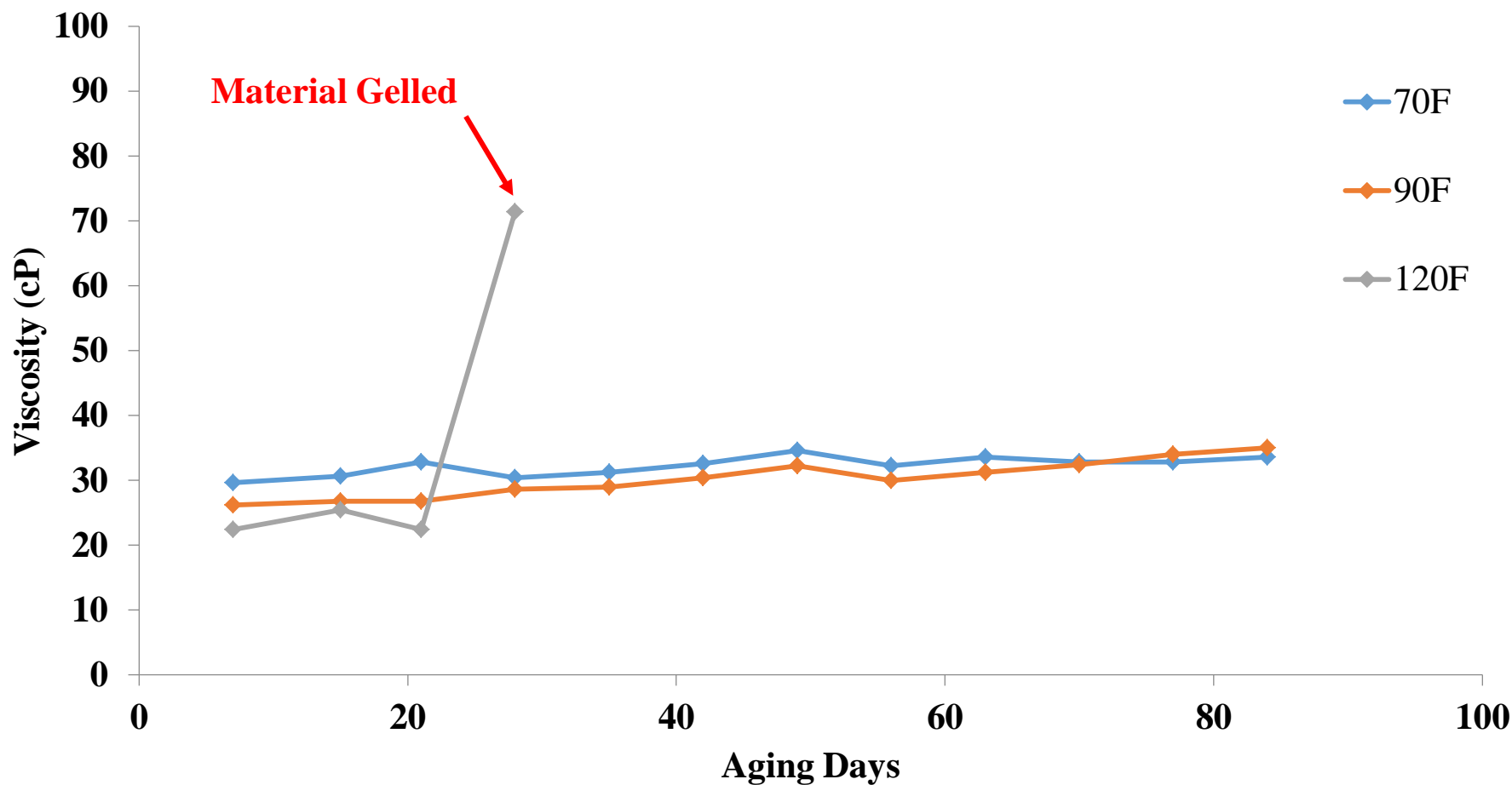


Even with aggressive agitation, once this material jells, it will not return to a full fluid state.

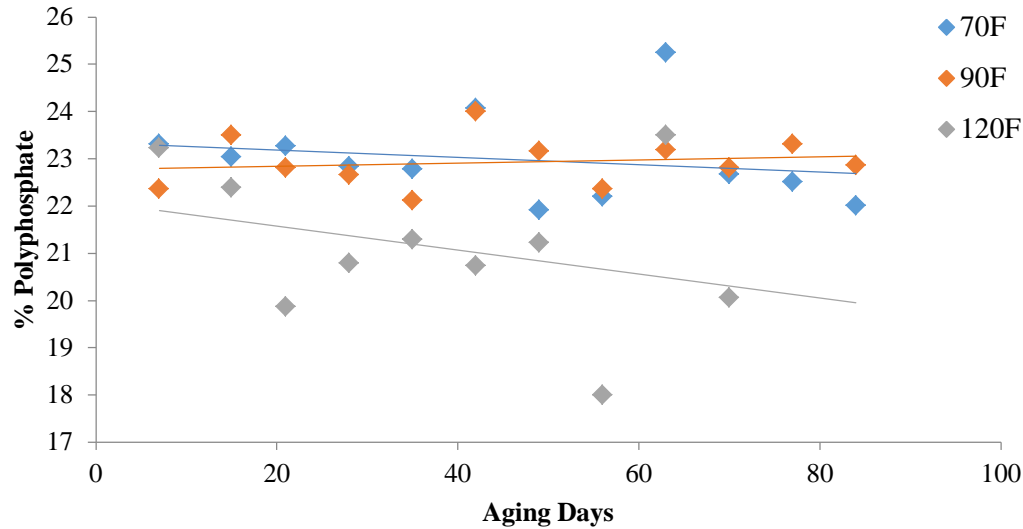
Low Poly 6-24-6 Degradation



Low Poly 6-24-6 Viscosity



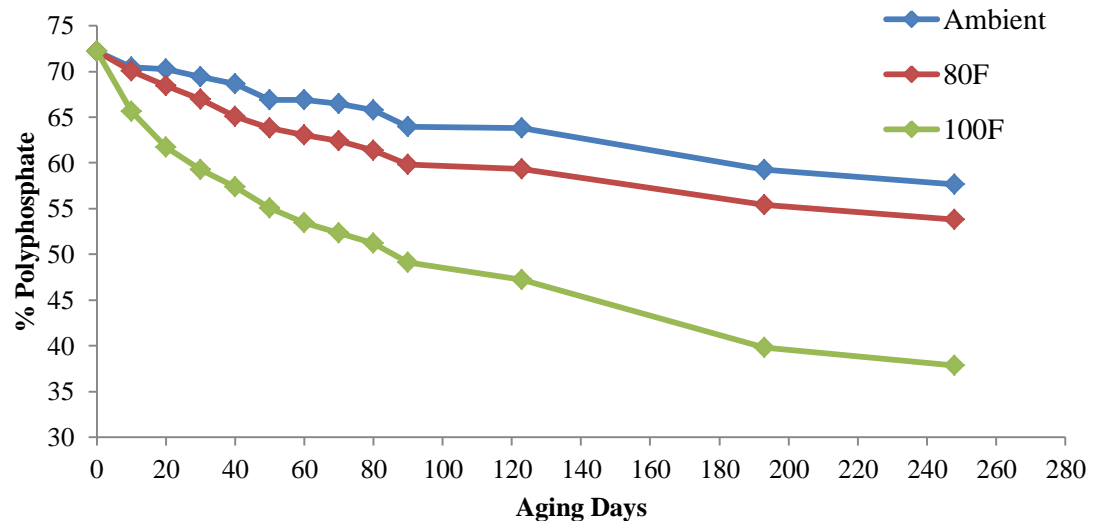
LP 6-24-6 Poly Degradation



What's the
Data
Telling Us?

There are
similar and
yet different
conditions
that should
not be
overlooked!

11-37-0 Poly Degradation in Storage



Superior MP 6-24-6

High Quality NPK: (when properly
formulated)

Stored in North Dakota in excess of 2½
Years



Mid-Poly 6-24-6

3-18-18

Bottom

Top



Questions